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#### RESEARCHING GLENDALE GARDENS PLAT C

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Amelia Peck

American Substitut

Mr. Goss

12-9-92

Glendale Gardens, Plat C, is in Salt Lake City, Utah.

The boundaries are California Ave (1300 South), Illinois Ave (1100 South), Concord Street (1100 West), and approximately (1250 West. There are forty fine lots which make up plat C, most of which run along Concord Street. Plat C is a part of a larger suburb, Glendale Gardens, which includes Plat A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H. These lots encompass a larger area which extends from 1000 south to 1300 south and from concord street to 1600 west. There were 750 homes planned to be built in this area. The total cost was estimated at \$5,000,000.00. This area has not been enlarged, and today the lots retain their original size and boundaries.

Plat A was owned by several people. They were Charles E. Perkins, Raymond Emerson, Edward A. Kohrs, Isabel McG. Perkins, Amelia Forbes Emerson, and Minnie Kohrs. All other Plats were owned by C. Taylor Burton, and his wife, Hilda. Glendale Gardens was developed by C. Taylor Burton, a resident of Salt Lake City, who owned Capital Construction Company and also Burton Lumber. These companies enabled him to efficiently construct homes at a reasonable price. This factor was important for those purchasing homes, since most of the development took place after world War II. The lowest price of a home would be \$5350.00. Construction and development of Glendale Garders began in 1942 with Plat A and ended in 1953 with Plat H.

When C. Taylor Rortor planned his community, he also proposed a set of pritective covenants. These covenants were

to be followed until January 1, 1972. At this time they would be extended for periods of ten years unless a majority vote of the current owners of the property agreed to change the covenants. If the residents of the community failed to follow the covenants they would be punished either by law or by equity. Some examples of the covenants included only using the lots for residential purposes, the homes could only be single-family detatched homes that were no higher than one story, the lots could not be redivided and sold, no home costing less than 3000.00 or occupying less than 500 square feet would be permitted in the community, and no one other than the Caucasian race was permitted to use or occupy any lot in the community unless they were a domestic servant. Each resident was expected to follow the covenants and encourage others to do the same.

The street patterns are based upon a gridiron system. The main traffic travels on the gridiron streets, but there are smaller curvilinear roads which are distributed throughout the suburb. Plat C is bordered by three straight roads (California Ave., Concord Ave., and Illinois Ave.,) and there is one smaller curvilinear road (12th West Street) which runs through it. Plat C is separated into two separate blocks. Block 1 contains 19 lots and Block 2 contains 20 lots.

The sewer, water, and electrical systems were incorporated into Plat C before any of the residents had purchased land. They are all connected to the city system.

It took from 2-3 years to fully equip the community with these amenities. C. Taylor Burton had problems placing the sewer lines in the ground. There were many different engineering problems, and he had to bring in well points from the East Coast. This was very time consuming and difficult because they had to be put in periodically. Finally, the job was completed and they began to develop the community.

The landscape was left for the residents to cultivate. Burton included the sewer, sidewalks, curb, and gutter. There is only one street lamp placed in Plat C. It is on the corner where 12th West Street meets Concord Street. Today the streets are lit mainly by porch lights and lamp posts of the residents. C. Taylor Burton graded the lots, but he did not landscape the yards of the homes or landscape the community in any way. He did not include parks or common grounds of any kind. He did build a small shopping center in a Georgian style structure, which would include a food store and other specialty shops. Originally the shopping center contained an OP Skaggs food store which burned down in 1953, only a few years after it was built. The fire also engulfed some other small shops and the owners were forced out of business. The center was rebuilt in a similar style, but incorporated a movie lieater as well as a new food store and other small shops. The center has offered laundry centers, police stations, clothing stores and other small businesses. Today, the center boasts a food market, a hair salon, a drug abore, and they are currently building thrift

shop.

The lots in Plat C are all shaped differently, but similar to a rectangle. The average lot gize is dimensions approximately ,16 acres. The topography is flat, which made development easier for Mr. Burton. The homes of Plat C are all pre-fabricated homes, made out of panels and roof trusses. Fre-fabrication provided a quick and easy way to build homes. The style is similar to a gable formed house. All of the homes throughout Plat C are identical in style and structure. When the home was finished, there was a strip of wood along the exterior sides of the home, showing where the panels had been placed together. To conceal this, most of the residents placed asbestos shingles around their home. Each home had variation in the front porch. The resident could choose a full or a half porch, or a manch style porch, which had the front doorway twisted 45'. Pre-fabricated homes were also built in Plat A along Stewart Street.

The interior of the home consisted of two bedrooms, a living area, a kitchen and dining space, and one bathroom.

The house was rectangular shaped with 1944 oquare feet of total living space. The home was one story without a basement or an attic for sharage.

C. Taylor Burton built all of the homes of Flat D of the same time and opened one of them for a model home to show prospective clients. He also used other various forms of advertising like the newspaper and magazines to boost the sales of his community. Mr. Bester states that after

advertising, most of the property was bought by Capson Bowman Real Estate Company and sold under FHA rules and also under Title 1 and 6.

The first residents of Plat C were New 1 and Celia Ward, who moved into lot #18 on block 1. Their address is 1190 Concord Street. They became aware of Glendale Gardens by word of mouth, after they had already made a down payment on a home in Rose Park. The price of the homes in Glendale Gardens was approximately \$1000.00 cheaper than those in Rose Park, so he was refunded his first down payment and moved locations. They chose a home with a ranch style porch and covered their home with grey wood shingles. They bought their home from Capital Construction Co. through a mortgage loan from Walker Bank and Trust for \$5,500.00. On December 30, 1947, Mr. Ward made a down payment of \$10 and started his payments of \$50 per month for his new home.

The community began to fill up as neighbors on the North and South sides of the Ward's home moved in. Most of their neighbors were young families who had been involved in World War II. Their ages ranged from 23-30 and each family had about 2 children. The men had been in the Army or the Navy and had bought their homes through Veteran's and FHA loans. Their socio-economic backgrounds were those of trade and office people. Some of his neighbors were school teachers, building engineers, and technical workers.

As time passed, many people changed and added on to the their tomes. Most families added garages, or added on to the

ream of their homes, or dug partial basements. Some families even changed the exterior of their homes by adding sturce with a brick design or a rock face design. Newell Ward added all four options to improve his home. In 1955, he added sixteen feet to the rear of his home creating extra bedrooms and baths. He also added a central heating system and a garage to the north of his home. He wanted to build a basement, but was unable to because the sewer system was only three feet below the ground. When he started digging, he would hit water immediately. While he was building bis additions, the city moved the sewer to the front of the home, which lowered the water table. He could now dig deep enough to build a basement. The additions to the size of the home were completed in 1960. The home now has 2549 square foot with nine total rooms and three baths. In 1990 he placed aluminum siding on the exterior of his home for protection and for appearance. Mr. and Mrs. Ward find that the orefabricated home is insulated very well. They are always able to keep warm, even in cold winter months.

Today, all of the original homes are still standing, most of which have been altered a little. There is still only one street lamp to light plat C, but traffic signals have been added along California Ave. The socio-economic background of the neighborhood remains a working class environment, but the ethnic background has changed hispanic drastically. Today, most of the residents are Mexicon,

Caucasian people is the community. Mr. Ward claims that boday, there are not any racial or ethnic machinisms in the neighborhood except for Caucasian.

C. Taylor Burton is alive today and still resides at 1812 Millbrook Rd. in Salt Lake City. He retired five years ago from the lumber business and also from development. He has developed 15-27 subdivisions throughout his career, some which are in Summit County, UT, and others have been in Southern Utah. He was active in local politics as a Republican nominee for the state senate. He has been very pleased with his career and with his life. Glendale Gardens has been a successful suburb of Salt Lake, although it is getting run down with time. Hopefully, the residents will take care of 14.

#### WORKS CITED

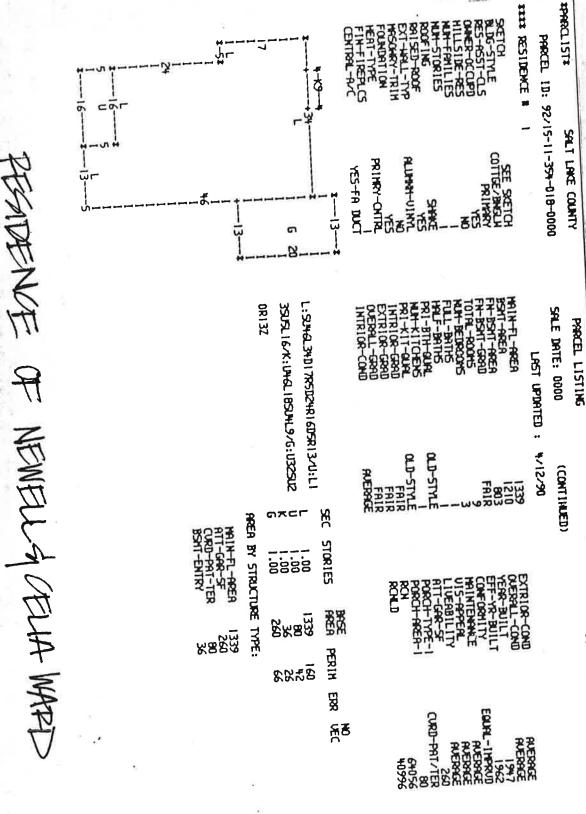
Burton, C. Taylor. Phone interview. 11-1992.

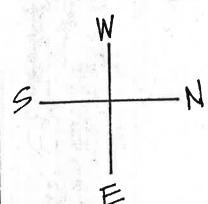
Marriot Library. Fifth floor, periodicalls. University of Utah.

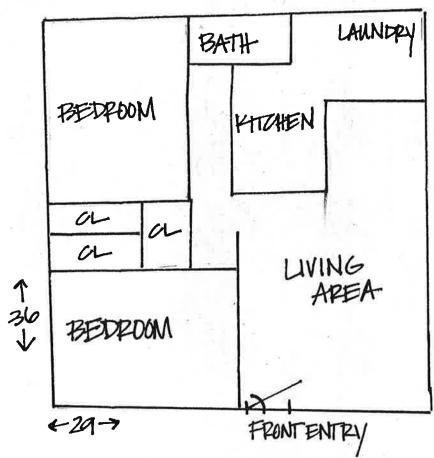
Salt Lake County Recorders Office and Research Division. 2100 South State Street.

Ward, Newell and Celia. Personal Interview. 11-1992.

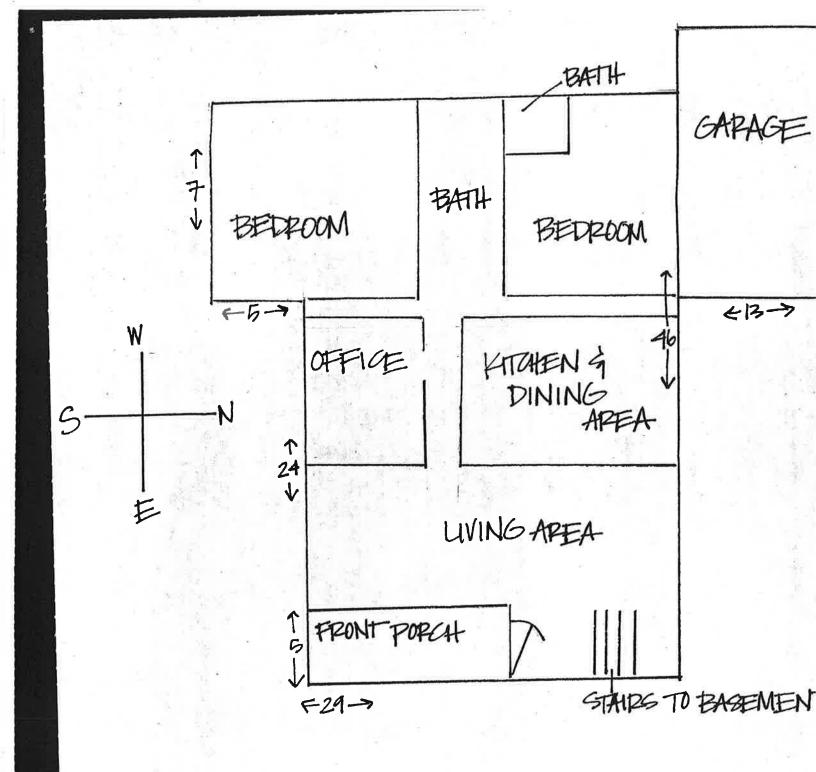
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OPIGNAL HOME OF NEWELL WARD

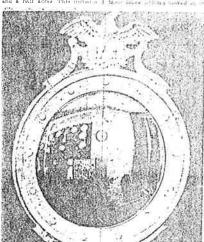


EXPANDED HOME OF NEWELL WARD

#### Sections

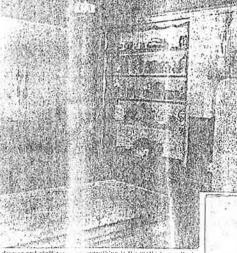
By ROSESTI BELL CONT.

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February, 1946, Title is truly a home that is phonted for the condort and convenience of the entire family, For hi building

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#### Farmer Paion Groups Nicet

SHEET mostlings in new Na-tional Farmers in longroups for itmery county was held al limekies and Derect to discuss organizations and common de-

With membership increasing their, membership all be distributed among the or possibly three breats within the immediate future, sorrotong to Pauli the first year the Farmers Union to shad as organization in Utah. Following completion of the organization for Emery Contry, work will be done to Millard country. Then will come to Millard for the union to control following work on invitations extended for the union to come into other areas of the state, he Kelly announced.

The described the organization as Affiliang group in a security of farm families.



AUGUST 1, 1948 G.L. TRIBUNE.

# Builder Plans 150 Homes In Glendale Construction of hearty 150 ne homes in the Glendale Park are located between the Jordan rive

Construction of searly 150 new homes in the Gleidale Park area, located between the Jordan river and application Center, will be started immediately, Leo L. Capnon, president, Village, Develop-

This will represent a continuation of a master plan which, under sponsorship of other parties, has resuled in construction of some 500 homes in the past three years.

The new development, to be known as Unit "F," will be located in the vicinity of Glendale

Houses will be brick, with at tached garage. Automatic forces the heating and automatic washer will be features. The two bedroom structures will be jesswed by city water hand, sewer connections. Paved gareed, rolled curbs, side walks, and other facilities are planned. A community shopping center is sinder construction, and space for a church has been provided in the plat.

The homes will be in the 1955

AUG. 30, 1950 G.L. TRIBUNE.

#### MARCH 17, 1949 G.L. TRIBUNE

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#### JWE 6, 1948 G.L. TRIBUNE

S. L. County Parties Pick Nominees at Conclaves

#### G.L. TRIBUNE APPIL 28, 1948

#### Salt Laker Enters Reen for Sendie

C. Taylor Burton, Salt Lake City businessman, Tuesday filed as a candidate for a Republican state senate nomination from Salt Lake county.

Mr. Burton, who is engaged in the lumber and building materials business, is a member of Sugarhouse Lions club and active in the Church of Jesus Christ of Latterday Saints. In announcing his can-didacy he said he would if elected, seek to bring about a more busi-nesslike approach to such problems as welfare, education and roads.

#### GOP Pares Field - Eight; Settles Districts, Contests

Utah Republicans met in non nating primaries Saturday in all countles ... here there were contests for qualifying places on the Sept. 7 direct primary ballot.

In a smoothly running, business like session in Coconut Grove ballroom, the Salt Lake county primary named eight candidates for four state senate nominations and settled contasts in four legislative districts In another dis-

trict where there wer three candidates, there was a tie for the second spot. The second contestent will be named by the drawing of lots, as the new law specifically prohibits taking of more than one ballot at a norminating primary.

primary.

In the estato genut contest a housewife and writer -Mrs. Virginia Budd Jacobson -won the top spot by leading the field of 17 candidates. Close behind was C. W. Wilkins, an attorney Both are newcomers to the political arena.

The eight Republica is who will fight it out for the four state senate nominations in the direct primary and their total vote in each case, follow:

each case, follow:

Mrs. Jacobsen, 185; Mr. William,
144; Wendell L. Cottiell, incumbent house member, 129; Dr.
James P. Kerby, 137; B. R. Peridinson, a former county chairman,
101; C. Taylor Burton, 92; Heroid
H. Jenson, 82, and Ronald D.
Peterson, 78.
Eliminated candidates were
Jacob Westbrook, George K.
Smith, John Hays O'Donnell, John
L. Malloy, George E. Holman, Mary

Jacob Westbrook, George K.
Smith, John Hays O'Donnell, John
I. Malloy, George E. Holman, Mary
John Condas, Ketth Browne (an
Incumbent house member), Ramon
N. Bowman and J. C. Eilleter.
Those who qualified to run for,
state representative nominations
in contested districts were:
Fourth, G. Richard O'Connor
and Mra. Charles E. Forsberg.
Eighth, Frank M. Openshaw
and Mrs. Rhods C. Lathner.
Ninth, Harry S. Clyric and Claire
L. Jackson.
Eleventh, Merrill Weith Davis
and H. Fred Bushman.
Nineteenth, John R. Sutton was
high and H. D. Reid and Dan J.
Wilding were thed with five votes
each.

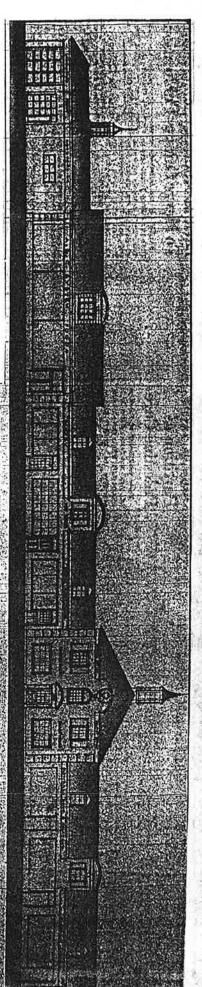
wilding were tied win five votes each.

The primary was run off without pap talks, no mating or seconding speeches or resoluting, and everything was cleaned up, including the count, befare 2 p.m. Delegates from legislative districts which had convests met first and got their balloting under way. At 10 a.m. County Chairman J. A. Ottenheungr called the county convention to order. After an explanation of the new yeting procedure, by Mr. Ottenhamer and Alyin Keddington, county clerk, the state senate balloting was started and completed by 12:30 p.m.

p.m.

All nominating specthes were waived by unanimous consent of the candidates and they were placed in nomination as a group by the laceretary. A recolutions committee report was not presented, the convention officials taking the position that only the business specified by statute should be undertaken.

# JAN. 18, 1948 - Which sempreen



# 169 of 750 Homes Read In S. L. Glendale Park

Recorded at Request of C Taylor Butto 346.1949

at 1.24/M Fee paid \$ 110. Hazel Taggart Chase, Recorder S. it Lake Court 247

The C South State Court 247

DEDICATION OF PROTECTIVE COVENANTS 2226 As Hatel

1071720

THE CAFITAL CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, A UTAH CORPORATION

mis Industs. 136-272-11.

Whom It May Concern:

The Capital Construction Company, A Utah Corporation, of Salt Lake County, State of Utah, owner of the following described real property situate in Salt Lake County, State of Utah, to wit:

All of Blocks 2-3 and 4 of Glendale Gardens Flat B, according to the official plat thereof on record with the County Recorder of Salt Lake County, and all of Blocks 1 and 2 Plat C, according to the official plat thereof on record with the County Recorder of Salt Lake County, State of Utah:

Are desirous of developing said property as a residential district, and do hereby declare that said land shall be held and conveyed subject to the following protective covenants.

These Covenants are to run with the land and shall be binding on all parties and all persons clairing under them until January 1, 1972, at which time said Covenants shall be automatically extended for successive periods of 10 years unless by vote of a majority of the then owners of the lots it is agreed to change said Covenants in whole or in part.

If the parties hereto, or any of them, or their heirs or assigns, shall violate or attempt to violate any of the Covenants herein it shall be lawful for any other person or persons owning any real property situated in said development or subdivision to prosecute any proceedings at law or in equity against the person or persons violating or attempting to violate any such Covenant and either to prevent him or them from so doing or to recover damages or other dues for such violation.

Invalidation of any one of these Covenants by judgement or court order shall in no wise affect any of the other provisions which shall remain in full force and effect.

A- All lots in the tract shall be known and described as residential lots. No structures shall be erected, altered, placed, or permitted to remain on any residential building plot other than one detached single-family dwelling not to exceed two stories in height and a private garage for not more than two cars.

B- No building shall be erected, placed, or altered on any building plot in this subdivision until the building plans, specifications, and plot plan showing the location of such building have been approved in writing as to conformity and harmony of external design with existing structures in the subdivision and as to location of the building with respect to topography and finished ground elevation, by a committee composed of C. Taylor Burton, H. J. Eckean and W. L. Sandberg, or by a representative designated by the members of said committee. In the event of death or resignation of any member of said committee, the remaining member, or members, shall have full authority to approve or disapprove such design and location, or to designate a representative with like authority. In the event said committee, or its designated representative, fails to approve or disapprove such design and location within 30 days after said plans and specifications have been submitted to it or, in any event, if no suit to enjoin the erection of such building or the making of such alterations has been commenced prior to the completion thereof, such approval will not be required and this Covenant will be deemed to have been fully complied with. Neither the members of such committee, nor its designated representative shall be entitled to any compensation for services performed pursuant to this Covenant. The powers and duties of such committee, and of its designated representative, shall cease on and after January 1, 1952. Thereafter the approval described in this Covenant shall not be required unless, prior to said date and effec-

tive thereon, a written instrument shall be executed by the then record mers of a majority of the lots in this subdivision and duly recorded expointing a representative, or representatives, who shall thereafter extense the same powers previously exercised by said committee,

- No building shall be located on any residential building plot nearer on 25 feet to the front lot line, nor nearer than 8 feet to any side street in; except that on corner building plots, no building shall be located error than 25 feet to the front lot line nor nearer than 15 feet to any ide strest line. No building, except a detached garage or other outbuilding costed 60 feet or more from the front lot line, shall be located nearer an 8 feet to any side lot line.

- No let may be re-divided or sold in pieces other than as shown on the vicinial plat for the purpose of constructing additional dwellings thereon.

- he noxious or offensive trade or activity shall be carried on upon any thor shall anything be done thereon which may be or become an annoyance nuisance to the neighborhood.

- To trailer, basement, tent, shack, tarade, barn, or other outbuilding rected in the tract shall at any time be used as a residence temporarily remanently, nor shall any structure of a temporary character be used a cresidence.

- To dvelling costing less than 3000.00 shall be permitted on any lot in tract. The ground floor area of the main structure, exclusive of one-tract. The ground floor area of the main structure, exclusive of one-traction open porches and garages, shall be not less than 600 square feet in the case of a one-story structure nor less than 500 square feet in the case one and one-half, or two story structure.

- in essement is reserved over the rear 8 feet of each lot for utility

To persons of any race other than the Caucasian race shall use or occupy building or any lot except that this Covenant shall not prevent occupancy, omestic servants of a different race domiciled with an owner or tenant.

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CAFITAL CONSTRUCTION CO.

anni.

Notary Public

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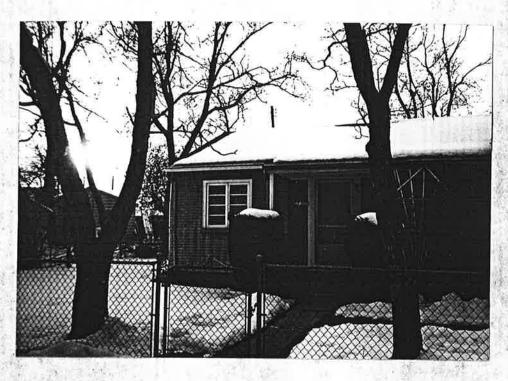
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On the 15th day of January, A.B. 1947 personally appeared before me on the 15th day of January, A.B. 1947 personally appeared before me farl C. Furton and C. Taylor Burton who being by me duly sworn did say, each for himself, that he, the said Carl C. Burton is the president, and he, the ceid C. Taylor Burton is the secretary of the Capital Construction Company, or that the within and foregoing instrument was signed in behalf of said corporation by authority of a resolution of its board of directors and said corporation executed the same and that the seal affixed is the seal of said corporation.

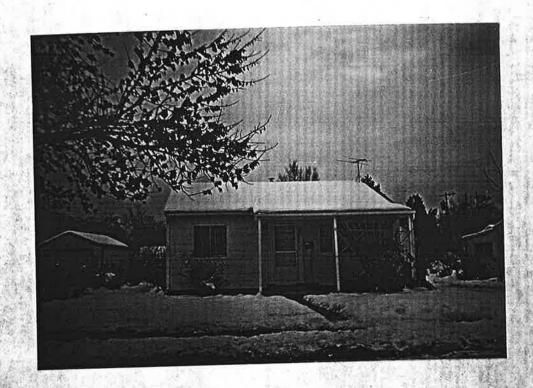
" commission expires

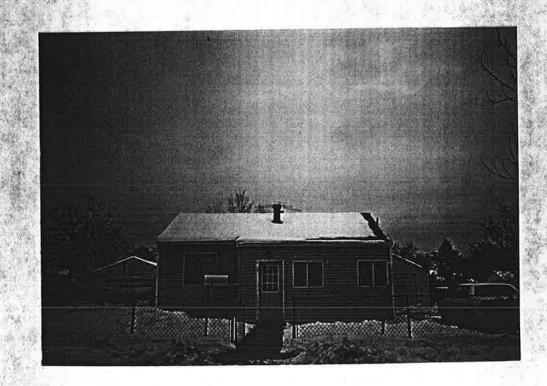
#### HOMES IN GLENDALE GARDENS-PLATO

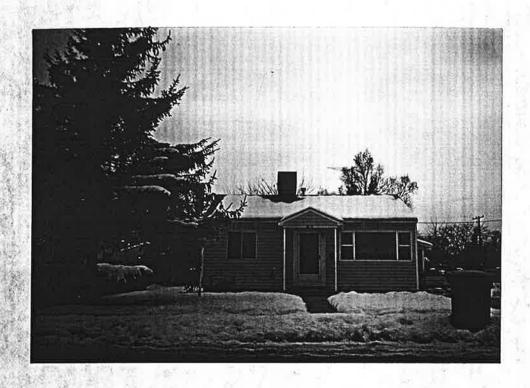




HOME VEANG STUGGO TO FORM SYNTHETIC BRICK









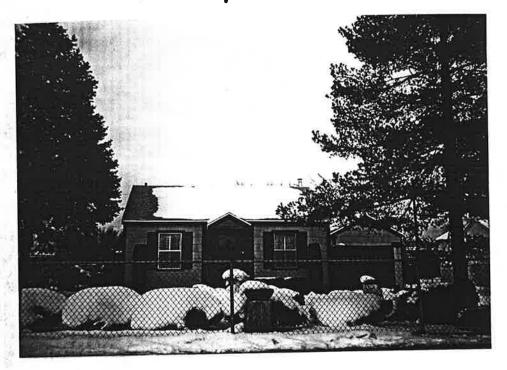


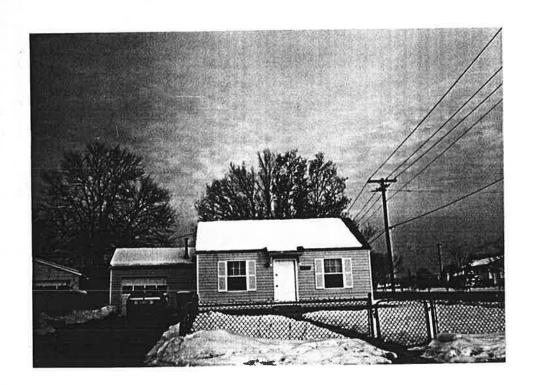
NEWELL & JELIA WARD AT HEIR HOME



SIDE VIEW OF HOME SHOWING ADDITION

## HOMES OF GLENDALE GAPTIENS FLAT A ALGO DEVELOPED BY O. TAYLOR BURTON





### ALSO HIMES OF PLATA ON STEWART STREET



